## Math 1120F - Exam 5

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Thursday, December 11, 2014 Time: 50 minutes Instructor: Brittany Cuchta

## Instructions:

- Do not open the exam until I say you may.
- All cell phones and other electronic noisemaking devices must be turned off or completely silenced (i.e., not on vibrate) for the duration of the exam.
- No calculators are allowed on the exam.
- The exam *must* be taken in pencil. Using a pen on the exam will result in the loss of points.
- Failure to follow directions specific to a problem will result in the loss of points.
- Circle or box your final answer where appropriate. Put your final answer in the provided space when available. Failure to do so will result in points being deducted.
- Show all work. Full credit will only be given if work is shown which fully and clearly justifies your answer. I reserve the right to not grade a problem which I cannot read.
- Answers must be exact (like  $\sqrt{2}$ ), not approximate (like 1.414), unless a problem specifically indicates otherwise.
- All final answers must be simplified unless otherwise specified. Rationalization is not required unless otherwise specified.
- If you run out of room, use the back of the page and indicate this on the question.
- As always, you are expected to exhibit academic integrity during the exam.

Page:	1	2	3	4	Total
Points:	26	14	18	17	75
Score:					

1. (6 points) Identify each conic. Clearly circle your answer. No partial credit will be awarded.

(a)	$4x^2 + 9y^2 - 16x - 18y = 0$	ellipse	parabola	hyperbola	not a conic
(b)	$y^2 - 4y - 4x^2 + 8x = 4$	ellipse	parabola	hyperbola	not a conic
(c)	$4y^2 - y = x - 2$	ellipse	parabola	hyperbola	not a conic

2. (12 points) Find an equation for the ellipse with foci at (1, 2) and (-3, 2) and one vertex at (-4, 2).

Center:	
<i>a</i> =	
<i>b</i> =	
<i>c</i> =	
Equation:	

3. (8 points) Given the equation below, find the vertex, focus, and directrix.

 $(y-2)^2 = -8(x+1)$ 

Vertex:	

Focus:	

Directrix:	

4. (8 points) Using row-reduction techniques, find the following inverses. Using any other method will result in **no points** being awarded. If the matrix does not have an inverse, state that it is singular.

(a) 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $A^{-1} =$ \_\_\_\_\_

(b) 
$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -8 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

5. (6 points) Given that 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $AB$ .

(10 points) Solve the following system using Cramer's Rule. Any other method will result in no points being awarded.

$$\begin{cases} 3x - 4y - 12 = 0\\ 5x + 2y + 6 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Solution:

7. (8 points) Find the determinant of the following matrix using cofactor expansion. Any other method will result in **no points** being awarded.

2	1	-3	
5	0	1	
$\lfloor 2$	6	0	

Solution:

8. (8 points) Harper and Lydia work for the Salvation Army and want to purchase 200 articles of clothing. There is a sale going on at a local store where all shirts are \$10 dollars and all jeans are \$45. If they want to use their entire budget of \$6550, how many of each should they buy?

9. (5 points) Find the coefficient of the  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(2x+1)^{12}$ .

Solution: